TWO CENTS.

BRITISH AT BEIRA

Boer Force Sent to Intercept Gen Carrington.

TALK OF BLOWING UP THE MINES

Trading Resumed With Occupied Parts of Orange Free State.

BOER AGENTS AT THE HAGUE

LONDON, April 19.-The arrival of Gen Carrington at Beira, Portuguese East Af-rica, and a reiteration of the report that the Boers intend blowing up the Johannesburg mines are the only items of news tha mark today's war cables. Weeks must elapse before Gen. Carrington will be able to concentrate his force on the borders of the Transvaal or approach Mafeking. According to a rumor in circulation at Lorenzo Marquez, a Boer force has been sent to intercept Gen. Carrington, but it is not thought to be of sufficient strength to cause

The Natal Mercury is responsible for the renewed fears concerning the mines, printing accounts from newly arrived refugees saying elaborate preparations for the destruction of all the Johannesburg shafts have been carried on under the supervision of the state mining engineer, who is al-leged to have requisitioned all the copper wire in the town for the purpose of making

No News From Roberts. The Bloemfontein dispatches remain ful

of trivial details, but are absolutely silent as to the future.

According to a dispatch from Ladysmith, According to a dispatch from Ladysmith, dated today, the Boers are much disconcerted by the present conditions of affairs. Their fortifications and forces, numbering about 15,000 men, are spread over ridges in contemplation of a British advance through the Waschbank valley, north of Ladysmith, which has not been occupied. The Boer patrols are very active and are constantly laying traps.

Trading Resumed With Free State. A proclamation issued at Cape Town to-

day allows trading between Cape Colony and the occupied portions of the Orange Free State to be resumed. A patrol of Cape police near Boshof yesterday captured two Boers, oxen, some

wagons and 200 head of cattle.

Two Germans who recently arrived at
Cape Town have been sentenced to a
year's imprisonment for having suspicious essession of 100 rifles and 600 cordite car-

Wilhelmina Will Receive Boer Agents THE HAGUE, April 19.-Queen Wilhelmina will give a private audience to the Boer peace mission this afternoon, at which Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, will be present.

WILL FIGHT FOR THE BOERS. Members of Chicago Ambulance Corps

United States Consul Hay at Pretoria has notified the State Department by cable of the reported action of the members of the ambulance corps in taking up arms in the Boer army, instead of continuing with the hospital corps, to which they had pledged themselves upon leaving the

United States.

Apparently the Portuguese authorities at Lorenzo Marquez had doubts as to the actual neutrality of these men, for the party was detained many days at the port before they were allowed to proceed over the railroad to Pretoria. The dispatches stated that a letter from Miss Barton turned the tide in their favor. Miss Barton turned the tide in their favor. Miss Barton was said to have declared that certain members of the party were known to her and believed to be going under true colors. The officials here say that nothing can be done by the government to prevent such violations of good faith as are reported from South Africa. The men did not go out with arms and so did not fulfill the legal description of a fillbustering party, which would have enabled the United States authorities to have prevented their departure. Similarly, the Portuguese authorities probably found themselves obliged to let the unknown men pass through Lorenzo Marquez, and it would appear that party was detained many days at the port unknown men pass through arquez, and it would appear that unless the British government can induce the Portuguese to take a different view of their obligations Portuguese South Africa will remain an open doorway for recruits entering the Transvaal.

MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENTS. Resolution of Inquiry Adopted by the

The Senate today adopted a resolution offered by Mr. Chandler directing inquiry into the methods of publishing the mes sages and papers of the Presidents. This resolution provides:

"That the committee on printing be directed to investigate the facts connected with the compilation and publication of the messages and papers of the Presidents; the results of the commissions given to private persons to use the stereotyped plates; the distribution of copies made gratuitously or otherwise by the government; the sales made by private persons and the methods adopted in making such sales; the circumstances under which the compilation has been copyrighted, and the other material facts surrounding the compilation and distribution of the volumes, and report to the Senate the result of the inquiry and any legislation which may be deemed desirable by the committee."

Representative Richardson of Tennessee, who has been the compiler of these papers, was seen by a Star reporter this afternoon. "I compiled and edited this work and the publishers have paid me a royalty," said messages and papers of the Presidents

"I complied and edited this work and the publishers have paid me a royalty," said Mr. Richardson. "Beyond that I have had nothing to do with it. The publisher is J. S. Barcus of New York, an honorable and upright gentleman. So far as I am concerned I am perfectly willing to have any kind of investigation made into the matter."

Disbarred From Practice.

Samuel P. Durham of Piedmont, Mo., was disbarred from further practice before the Interior Department and its bureaus by order of the Secretary of the Interior, dated March 16, 1900. Mr. Durham was charged with having as a notary public falsely cer-tified to the execution of certain affidavits in a pension claim, when as a matter of fact the alleged affiants did not appear be-fore him and were not sworn to their al-leged affidavits.

Minimum Wage \$2 Per Diem

Mr. Glynn has introduced in the House a bill (H. R. 10808) providing "that the min Imum compensation for manual and unskilled labor of adults in the employ of the government shall be at the rate of \$2 a day of eight working hours. And all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this pro-vision are hereby repealed."

Troops on the Way to Alaska

The adjutant general received a telegrar this afternoon, saying that Company G, 7th Infantry, one officer, one acting as sistant surgeon and 102 men, left Colum-bus barracks last evening for Seattle, whence they will embark for their new station in Alaska.

to Direct Inspector of Dairy

An investigation into the quality of mik

erved to the people of the District of Co-

umbia is to be made by order of the Sen-

ate, and if in any respect this important

article of food is found to be not up to the standard it is understood that a bill will

be introduced in Congress in order to rem-

In the Senate today Mr. Gallinger, who is

himself a physician, and who has shown

great interest in all matters re'ating to

health, introduced the following resolution,

which was adopted by the Senate without

"Resolved, That the Commissioners of the

District of Columbia be directed to furnish

the Senate with a report from the inspector of dairy products showing the quality and condition of milk and cream sold in the

neither. But it is understood that the law is seriously defective in not providing any means for preventing the sale of milk that may be unclean or may not be properly cooled or in other undesirable condition, which might produce sickness. It is said that milk that leaves a very perceptible amount of black sediment in a glass or pitcher containing it, which sediment, in fact, may be the result of dirt from the cow and under certain circumstances may be injurious to health, can be sold and no one in the District has authority to force a dealer handling such milk to see that it is

one in the District has authority to force a dealer handling such milk to see that it is properly cleansed. As a rule the straining of the milk takes such matter from the fluid, but it is said that much of the milk sold in the District contains an unnecessary quantity of dirt.

It is expected that a report from the inspector of dairy products will result in giving Congress a clear idea of the character of milk sold in the District, and that if the law needs amending action can be taken very promptly in order to raise the standard of milk used here.

Health Officer Will Not Talk Now.

the Senate by the District Commissioners

be referred by them to Dr. Wm. C. Wood-

ward, the health officer, whose department

has immediate supervision of the matter, Dr. Woodward stated this afternoon that

he is glad to learn that the Senate has re-

quested the report on the subject, but added hat, out of courtesy to that body, he would

cline to make any statements prior to the

making of the report which he expects the Commissioners will ask from him. For the same reason, Dr. Woodward said it would not be proper for the inspector of his department in charge of the inspection of live stock to make any statement prior to such report.

IN A HIGH STATE OF EFFICIENCY.

Army.

The army transportation department is

very much gratified at the success of its plans for the supply of horses and mules

to the army in the Philippines. The trans-

portation of animals over long stretches of

water has always been a serious problem.

and was inaugurated with the greatest ar

prehension during the insurrection in the

Philippines. There was a great demand for

cavalry horses and draft and pack mules in the field, and the earliest attempts to meet

that demand were attended with many

that demand were attended with many fatalities. This was mainly due to the confined quarters and lack of proper ventilation on the long voyage across the Pacific. In order to meet these conditions transports were fitted up specially for the service with every modern appliance for the comfort and protection of the animals. The principal improvement introduced, however, was in the matter of perfect ventilation of the quarters of the animals in the lower portions of the ship. The result has been that animals are now transported from the Pacific coast to the Philippines in comparative safety. In order to exercise the animals and give them relief from the cramped quarters on shipboard short stops were

quarters on shipboard short stops were made whenever possible, at Hilo, Hawaii, but recently no landings have been made at that point because of the fear of bubonic

Telegrams were received at the War De

Telegrams were received at the War Department today announcing the arrival of the animal transport Lenox at Manila and the animal transport Port Stephens at Hilo. The Lenox carried 457 horses and mules and lost but one of the number on the voyage. The vessel made a stop at Hilo, but did not land the animals. Up to the time of the arrival of the Port Stephens at Hilo there had been no losses whatever in their cargo, and it is expected that she may equal the record of the Lenox during the remainder.

record of the Lenox during the remains of her trip to Manila.

CONSUL RAMSDEN'S MEMORY.

A Bronze Tablet to Be Erected a

Santiago.
Secretary Long has undertaken to have

a bronze tablet cast at the Washington

navy yard and erected in Santiago, Cuba

at a point to be designated by Gen. Wood,

in commemoration of the services of the

service to the United States in protecting American interests there during the siege, and lost his life in consequence of his en-deavors. The tablet will bear an artistic inscription recounting the services of the deceased.

Personal Mention.

Quartermaster General Ludington resum

ed his duties at the War Department today

Col. A. K. Arnold of the 1st Cavalry is

at the Ebbitt House on leave of absence.
District Commissioner John B. Wight returned to his official duties today, after an absence of a week at Atlantic City, where he enjoyed a short vacation with his family.

A Sheridan Statue at Albany.

Mr. Glynn has introduced a bill in the

House (H. R. 10835) providing that the sum

of \$50,000 be appropriated, "to be expended

under the direction of the Secretary of War

in erecting at the city of Aidany, N. 1., a monument to commemorate the birthplace of Gen. Phil Sheridan and the services renin erecting at the city of Albany, N. Y., a

dered the Union by that valiant soldier.
This sum shall be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War or such officer as he may designate."

Capt. O'Connor Retired.

Captain Stephen O'Connor, 23d Infantry, has been placed on the retired list of the

army on his own application after thirty

after a week's visit to his home at Ska

neatales, N. Y.

The resolution will, when received from

edy existing evils.

SENATE PASSES A RESOLUTION CALLING FOR INFORMATION.

HIS VIEWS ON THE EXAMINATION

Senator Stewart Will Present Reasons at the Proper Time.

A LIVELY COLLOQUY

The proposed change in the method of was under discussion in the Senate this afternoon for a short time. Senator Mason took occasion to say that while he had been absent from the Senate he understood that an amendment to the District appropriation bill had been adopted providing for an entire change in the system of conducting these schools, and he gave notice that unless he should have evidence to change his opinion that he would do all in his power to prevent that amendment becoming law when the District bill should again come before the Senate in connection with the report of the conferees on that measure.

of dairy products showing the quality and condition of milk and cream sold in the District of Columbia, and whether the same contain any foreign substance deleterious to health, and, if so, giving a description of such substance and what legislation is necessary to remedy the evil."

It is understood that by means of the investigation that will be made through this resolution the Senate may be informed of the substances, if any, that are contained in the milk, together with the diseases they are likely to produce. The law of the District provides for the levying of fines in the case of persons selling milk that has been skimmed unless it is sold as skim-milk, and also in relation to the adulterants that are sometimes used in order to make a product that looks like either rich milk or thick, rich cream, when, in fact, it is neither. But it is understood that the law is seriously defective in not providing any What Mr. Mason Thinks. Mr. Mason said that he regarded the public schools of this city as the best schools in the world. They were the best schools he had ever visited, and he never saw better discipline or more thorough attention fo their duties on the part of scholars and fo their duties on the part of scholars and teachers than he had seen in these schools. He said that the report on the schools was very remarkable, as it showed that the scholars had been asked questions about which they had no training and about which even authorities differ.

He said that every one knew that the best writers in the United States disagree upon the very things that the boys and girls were asked about. He said that the report had shown that the scholars had misspelled less than 3 per cent of the words given them.

them.
"I suppose," said Senator Mason, "if these boys and girls could come to the Senate and put us all in a class and have us spell words we would stand 5 or 6 per cent lower in spelling than they did in their examination."

It is true be said that they there

tion."

It is true, he said, that these boys and girls had given very queer answers in regard to the formation of government and to the people who had settled this country.

Senator Stewart suggested that the schoo question was not before the Senate, and that when it should be before the Senate he

would have something to say on it. "There is no doubt about the senator having something to say when this question

"There is no doubt about the senator having something to say when this question gets before the Senate," retorted Senator Mason, "but this matter was put through on an appropriation bill. I thought there was some legislation pending on this subject, but I since find that there was no such pending legislation. I will make a point of order against this amendment unless I know of some reason for such amendment which I do not now understand."

He said he regarded it as unfair to have the list of misspelled words by these children published in the way it was. He said he did not believe any senator would want to subject himself to such an examination as was put to these boys and girls. He said he did not know the superintendent of the schools very well, and had not spoken to him for a long time. He had never interfered much with school matters, but had contented himself with furnishing a fair share of occupants for the schools. He had a representative of his family in almost every branch of the schools, and he considered these schools of the highest quality.

Senator Gallinger suggested to Mr. Mason that he had before him the second part of the report on the schools and asked whether he had read part one.

A Lively Collogny.

A Lively Colloquy.

t was necessary. good deal of feeling, said that he desired to give additional reasons why this amend ment should be adopted if there was oppo

rt had some concealed weapon about him with which he intended to attack the pubic schools, and by which he expected to change their form of government, he would

ike to know it.

Mr. Stewart regretted that there had beer

to hear what he had to say.

Mr. Stewart said that sufficient evidence had already been furnished to satisfy every one except the Senator from Illinois.

At this stage in the proceedings Mr. Lodge suggested that the school question was not before the Senate, and asked for the regular order.

MR. JOHNSON'S RESIGNATION.

late Frederick W. Ramsden, who, while British consul at Santiago, during the Spanish-American war, was of valuable service to the United States in protecting ests. These charges were sent to the treasury, where they have been under investiga tion for several months by a cor

consisting of Assistant Secretary Vander lip, Treasurer Roberts and Solicitor O'Con It is pretty well understood that the com nittee will make no report as to their investigations, and that the entire matter will culminate in the resignation of Mr. John-

since the republican party came into power, but he has up to this time resisted efforts to secure his resignation. The labe fight began when machines were introduced in the bureau in place of hand presses. The resignation of Mr. Johnson is not due, as aiready stated, to the labor fight, and comes about through the investigation which were about through the investigation which wa recently completed and to causes to b

According to a statement made today by the division of customs and insular affairs of the War Department, the receipts in the Philippine Islands for the months of January, February and March, 1900, respectively, were: January, \$563,509.60; February (cable), \$426,423; March (cable), \$679,446.50; the customs receipts for March alone reached the sum of \$574,995.50. The total reed the sum of \$574,395.50. The total receipts for the three months were \$1,669, 379.10. The receipts of March exceed those of either of the two previous months by \$115,936.90.

HE AND MRS. MCKINLEY LEAVE TO

He Will Make an Address in New York While Away-Bills Approved Today.

President and Mrs. McKinley left Washington this morning for Paterson, N. J., where they will spend about two days with The President left at 10 o'clock on a special car attached to the regular Pennsylvania train. He was accompanied by Mrs. Hobart and her son, Garret A. Hobart. They have been spending a week or ten days at the White House, and the visit of the President and Mrs. McKinley was in return. Other members of the party were Secretary Cortelyou and Dr. P. M. Rixey, the White House physician.

Some time Saturday the President will go to New York, where he has an engagement to address the ecumenical conference of missions on Saturday evening. The President will stay at the Manhattan Hotel until Sunday night, when he will start or his return to Washington. He will remain his return to Washington. He will remain here a short time Monday, so as to attend to some pressing business and to sign the bills which have accumulated. He will then leave for Canton, where he and Mrs. McKinley will spend three or four days looking over the work being done in enlarging and repairing their home. The return here before going to Canton is a change in the original program. The President had intended going to Canton direct from New York and not to come back here.

Bills Signed Today. before leaving this morning: To authorize the holding of a regular term of the dis-trict court of the United States for the Charlottesville, Va.; repealing section 4716 of the Revised Statutes, so far as the same may be applicable to the claims of dependent parents of soldiers, saflors and marines who served in the army and navy of the United States during the war with Spain; joint resolution authorizing the printing of \$5,000 copies of Bulletin No. 24, Department of Agriculture, entitled, "A Primer of Forestry," for the use of Congress and the Department of Agriculture; joint resolution providing for the printing of the report of the governor of Arizona for 1800. Charlottesville, Va.; repealing section 4716

ominations to the Senate: Postmasters-Connecticut: Hiram Jelliffe.

Massachusetts: Willis M. Wellington, Ox-Massachusetts; Willis M. Wellington, Oxford; O. H. Kelley, North Plymouth; Calleb D. Kinner, Merrick; Edwin Smith, Mitthwague; Frank E. Nichols, Warren; Frederick Robbins, Watertown; Martin E. Stockbridge, Dalton.

New York: James S. Merritt, Portchester; C. M. Alvord, Livonia; J. H. McGrath, New Lebanon; E. A. Cowies, Patchogue; O. H. Tuthill, Rockville Center; Anna V. T. Smith, Bronxville; Francis Worden, Coxsockie.

Texas-Prince A. Hazzard, Colorado. Wisconsin-William E. Homme, Witten-

erg. California-Ollie McKellar, Corning. Colorado-David James, Loveland. New Mexico-Frank M. Rhomberg, Ala

nogordo. Oklahoma-John W. Rice, Weatherford South Dakota-Joseph Kubler, Custer. Nevada-Theodore R. Hofer, Jr., Carson

OLD CORCORAN GALLERY.

gallery property, which is to be used by the Court of Claims and for other purposes.

pieces of property here and there all over the city and favored a general plan for the construction of public buildings along the south side of Pennsylvania avenue. He said that he hoped to see the avenue beautified in this manner and referred to the post office building as a barn and as unworthy the government. He hoped to see public buildings erected with parking about them so that they might be architecturally worthy of the city.

Mr. Warren said that he agreed with what Mr. Pettigrew said, but in the case of the Corcoran Art Gallery property there was necessity for prompt action, and he thought this was an exceptional case.

Mr. Pettigrew objected to the consideration of the bill, and it went over. said that he hoped to see the avenue beau

TAKING THE CENSUS.

favorably reported a bill increasing the salary of the director of the census from \$6,000 to \$7,500 per annum.

The bill also provides for a superintend-

ent of printing in the census bureau at \$2,500 per annum, and fixes the compensation of printers at the same rates which apply in the government printing office. The object is not to take away the large jobs of census printing from the latter office but to create a small establishment where the bulletins and other light jobs can be

The bill also grants to the supervisors of census in the several districts of the country, in addition to the compensation fixed by law, a sum equal to 2 per cent of the amount paid to enumerators in the district. The increase will amount to \$100 to \$800 in individual cases.

W. W. ANDERSON'S TRIAL BEGINS.

Denver Attorney Who Shot Proprie-tors of the Post There. DENVER, Col., April 19.-W. W. Anderson, the attorney, who shot H. H. Tam-men and F. G. Bonfils, proprietors of the

Mr. Anderson procured money by fals representations, will be brought from th penitentiary to testify for the prosecution

QUALITY OF THE CITY'S MILK THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS THE PRESIDENT DEPARTS TURKEY MAY SETTLE

London Papers Think Our Demands Will Meet Compliancs.

MUCH INTEREST IN THE MATTER

Turkish Minister Here Confident of Amicable Settlement.

CALLS ATSTATE DEPARTMENT

LONDON, April 19.-Keen interest is manifested here in the threatened action of the United States against Turkey, particularly in view of the sultan's recalcitrancy in con-nection with the increase of the customs duties. The fourth collective note of the embassies objecting to an increase of 8 per cent in the duties on account of the bad condition of the Turkish finances, without a previous understanding with the powers, was handed to the Turkish government yesterday, but Turkey maintains such a firm attitude that the suspicion is growing that some covert intrigue is frustrating the effect of the notes.

The St. James Gazette says: "It will be interesting to watch the game of procrastination, to which Europe is accustomed, being played with the United States. America has entered the European arena and apparently has no intention of standing any humbug from the Turks. Why should she? The eastern question has no terrors for a power with the whole ocean between herself and the Balkans. The President thinks the sultan has had grace enough. But if America sets foot in Asia Minor perhaps she will find that neither Russla nor Germany will be uninterested spectators. From ourselves she will get nothing but sympathy and good will." The St. James Gazette says: "It will b

and good will."

The Pall Mall Gazette says: "Abdul and the steam roller are quite used to dodging around each other without damage to anybody, but the brusque hurry of the American government must be rather disconcerting. These Americans, so far from playing a game, are positively talking of seizing Smyrna." Smyrna." The papers generally think Abdul Hamid

Minister at the State Department. Among the callers upon Acting Secretary Hill today was Ali Ferrouh Bey, the Turk-ish minister. Though this was diplomatic

day and the minister has been a rather frequent visitor to the department on such days, it was pretty well understood that the occasion for this particular call was the publication of the intention of the United States government to bring to an immediate issue the negotiations with Tur-key relative to the payment of the American missionary and other claims. It is understood that the purpose of the minis-ter was primarily to gather information on this subject of which he was ignorant, ow-ing to the fact that the negotiations have een conducted exclusively in Constants

nople.

Following the invariable rule of diplo Following the invariable rule of diplomatic intercourse, neither of the principals was at liberty to disclose the details of the interview. It is understood, however, that while aware of the fact that there has been nothing so far in the nature of an ultimatum the minister was impressed with the fact that the situation is actually one of great gravity, and it is presumed that he will so inform his government. He is, however, still confident that the present crisis will be safely passed without permanent disturbance of the traditional good relations between the United States and Turkey.

Ali Ferrouh Bey, in a recent discussion of the matter, declared that Turkey is not responsible for the claims, as it had given adequate protection to foreigners residing

of some years ago.
"'I can hardly believe,' he said, 'that any foundation exists for the reports that there is grave danger of a rupture in the diplomatic relations between the United States and the sublime protte matic relations between the United States and the sublime porte on account of the latter's failure to pay claims arising out of alieged outrages suffered by American missionaries in Turkey. The relations between the two governments have always been of such a friendly character and are too sagred to be as lightly broken. too sacred to be so lightly broken off. The claims amount in all to \$90,000, a paltry sum, I think, upon which to base such a regrettable act."

regrettable act."
Those close to the Turkish minister declare that the United States would be a greater sufferer than Turkey in the event that diplomatic relations are suspended.

Minister Straus Remains in New York Oscar S. Straus, minister from the United States to Turkey, is at his home in New York, where it is understood he is to renain until the claims dispute is settled.

When Mr. Straus found that the sultan, despite his personal pledge to pay the claim, which had, at his solicitation, beer reduced from more than \$300,000 to \$90,000, was bent on continuing his policy of delay he sent a dispatch to Washington relating the facts of the negotiations and offering his immediate resignation. The resignahis immediate resignation. The resigna-tion if accepted would have been almost tantamount to a direct challenge to the sublime porte.

The administration was not prepared,

however, to take so positive a step and asked Minister Straus to permit his resignation to remain unacted upon and to rettre from Constantinople until the affair might be adjusted amicably or by firm tire from Constantinople until the affair might be adjusted amicably or by firm pressure upon the sultan. It is understood, therefore, that the absence of Minister Straus from Constantinople is notice to the sultan of the displeasure of this country. Mr. Straus said to a reporter yesterday: "I regard the situation as grave unless the sultan promptly makes good his prom-ises.

es. "The sultan has made the promise I have always been well disposed to-Turkey and I regard the sultan as an intelligent monarch, and I trust that he will show that intelligence by satisfying our claims and not wait until it is too

The President has issued a commission to Lieutenant (junior grade) W. J. Manion. Ensign R. Z. Johnson has been detached rom the Oregon and ordered home. Boatswain A. Whipkey, from the League sland navy yard to the Richmond. Acting Warrant Machinists W. G. Hall and Louis Arne, from the Vermont to the League Island navy yard. Acting Warrant Machinists G. C. Eller-ton and David Purdon, from the Wabasi

o duty in connection with the new battle ship Kearsarge. Acting Warrant Machinist O. Dittrich, from the Vermont to duty in connection with the Kearsarge.

More Land for Fort Screven. A board of officers, consisting of Captain A. B. Schenck, 2d Artillery; Captain C. E.

Gillette, Corps of Engineers, and Lieutenant John L. Hayden, 1st Artillery, has been or dered to meet at Fort Screven, Georgia, for the purpose of inspecting and making recommendations in regard to the acquisition of certain additional land at that post as a site for officers' quarters.

AMERICAN CURRENCY.

Those Selected to Make the Exchange -How It Will Be

The Treasury Department has completed

the arrangements for the retirement of Porto Rican money and the substitution of American currency. James A. Sample, one of the chiefs of division of Treasurer Roberts' office, and W. P. Watson, an expert financier and accountant of New York, have been selected to go to Porto Rico to make the exchange of money. Mr. Watson was appointed auditor of customs for Cuba when the United States took charge there and remained in that work until his health failed. He has now recovered and has accepted the appointment offered him. A New Financial System.

The work is to be done under the Porto Rican bill passed a short time ago by Congress. It provides for the retirement of the Porto Rican peso and all other metal money on the island and the exchange

the Porto Rican peso and all other metal money on the Island and the exchange therefor of American money. This change will be as important to the Porto Ricans as the other changes which the bill proposes to begin on May 1. An entire new financial system and a complete outfit of new money is something which the citizens there must learn as well as other details of government.

It is estimated that there are 10,000,000 pieces of silver and other metallic currency in the island now in circulation in the transaction of business. These 10,000,000 pieces are worth 5,000,000 pesos, the Spanish silver dollar, which, however, passes for its worth in silver. Congress has decided that the exchange shall be made on the basis of 60 cents for the pesos. About \$3,000,000 of American money will, therefore, be required to take up all the minor money in Porto Rico. The first shipment of American money will be transported to the Island between now and May 1. Mr. Sample and Mr. Watson will go the last of this week or the first of next. The money which they will use in making the exchange will be taken to Porto Rico in an army transport, and the Porto Rican money will be brought back here as it is taken up. taken up.

Method of Exchange.

The exchange will be made largely through the Porto Rican banking and business institutions. It will be a long time before all of the Porto Rican money is turned in, but the bulk of it will probably go out of circulation within a few months The money will be brought back here and

recoined.

Treasurer Roberts says that he will send gold, silver certificates and subsidiary silver and minor coins to Porto Rico to replace the pesos and other coins. The amount of each kind of money to be sent from the United States by the first shipment is as follows: Minor coin, \$15,000; subsidiary silver, \$60,000; silver certificates, \$200,000; gold coin, \$165,000, making a total of \$500,000.

LOUISIANA PURCHASE CENTENNIAL Coming Hearing on the St. Louis World's Fair Bill.

The first hearing on the St. Louis world's fair bill before the special House commit-tee, of which Mr. Tawney of Minnesota is the chairman, will be held Friday, April 27 This date was set by the committee, after consultation with ex-Gov. D. R. Francis, the chairman of the world's fair executive committee, and Representative Joy of St. Louis, who is a member of the special committee appointed by Speaker Hender-

The hearing would have taken place to day but for the fact that Mr. Francis and other gentlemen prominently connected with the world's fair movement desired to attend the meeting of the trans-Mississippi congress, which begins its sessions at Hous-ton, Tex., today. Ex-Gov. E. O. Stanard of Missouri, who has been mentioned in connection with the republican vice presi-dential nomination, is the president of the dential nomination, is the president of the trans-Mississippi congress. It is expected that the congress will adopt strong resolutions in favor of the celebration of the centennial of the Louistana purchase by the holding of a world's fair in St. Louis, and will send a delegation to Washington to attend the hearing before the special committee next Friday.

The delegation which will come to Washington to urge favorable action upon the

ington to urge favorable action upon the world's fair bill will be of an unusual character. It is expected that it will include all acter. It is expected that it will include all of the governors of the states included within the limits of the Louisiana purchase. There will also be two representatives from each state, chosen from the executive committee appointed by the Louisiana purchase centennial convention, which met in St. Louis to decide upon the manner in which the centennial anniversary of the purchase should be celebrated. Ex-Gov. Francis, as chairman of the executive committee, will chairman of the executive committee, will make the principal address to the commit-

The special committee for the considera-The special committee for the considera-tion of the world's fair bill consists of Messrs. Tawney of Minnesota, chairman; Steele, Indiana; Sherman, New York; Cor-liss, Michigan; Burke, South Dakota; Joy, Missouri; Williams, Mississippi; Bartlett, Georgia, and Otey of Virginia. The fact that in appointing a special committee the Speaker appointed but three members of it from states in the nurchese indicates that om states in the purchase indicates tha recognizes the movement for the cele oration of the Louisiana purchase as na ional and not as sectiona While here the world's fair delegation will also appear before the Senate committee expositions, of which Schator Depew New York is the chairman.

MAKING A PROGRAM.

Work Continued Preparatory to the Pan-American Congress.

The executive committee of the bureau of american republics met today for the purpose of carrying out the direction of the ecent conference of the diplomatic repre sentatives of the American republics rela tive to the formation of a program for the projected Pan-American congress to be held in the City of Mexico. It is expected that the committee will occupy a week's time in the preparation of this program, which must receive careful study in order to insure its acceptance by each and every one of the American republics.

Though the committee is intent upon excluding from the program every subject which may cause friction or disagreement it is believed to be still possible to bring before the congress several projects of the greatest international importance. It is clearly the product of the congress several projects of the greatest international importance. greatest international importance. It is also intended to supply an omission by the first Pan-American congress by providing the machinery for the easy reassembling of the congress whenever there shall be a ne-essity for joint action on the part of the American republics. As considerable cor-respondence is expected to precede the ac-ceptance of the program by all of the gov-ernments of this hemisphere, it is regarded as improbable that the congress can be brought together before a late date next

Leaves for Special Policemen. Mr. Kenny today introduced in the Senate a bill providing that each of the special

policemen stationed at street railway crossings and intersections in this city be granted a twenty days' leave of absence each year, with pay; also that they be given the same leave of absence on account of sickness upon the same terms as allowed members of the police force.

THE ROAD TO FORTUNE.

The Road to Fortune is

through Printer's Ink .- P.

T. Barnum.

Serious Charges Against the Strike Leaders at Croton Dam.

MANY ITALIANS GOING AWAY

They Say They Wish to Avoid Further Trouble.

ARMS TO BE CONFISCATED

CROTON LANDING, N. Y., April 19 .-Warrants for the arrest of the ringleaders of the strike here were issued this morning by Judge Lent of Sing Sing, who holds court in White Plains. The complainant is Peter E. Stevens, the timekeeper of the contractors. The several charges are having in possession deadly weapons, drilling under arms with intent to inflict grievous bodily injury and threatening to injure public property and threatening the lives of persons anxious to resume work. Ten arrests have been made. The prisoners will be taken to White Plains jail to await examination

Italians Leaving Croton Landing.

One of the most startling effects of the presence of the military at Croton valley dam is the anxiety exhibited by many of the more peaceful of the striking Italians to pack up their little belongings and seek work elsewhere. Fully fifty of them left the Croton landing railroad depot today, bound for New York. None of them would

bound for New York. None of them would say very much, but all of them acknowledged that they were going to look for work in some other quarter, as they wished to avoid trouble. That they were scared by the imposing military display is certain, and even among the beligerent Italians the coming of the troops has had a salutary influence.

At 7 o'clock this morning work was resumed the same as yesterday, but there were no more laborers on hand. Only the same gang of about thirty who have been quartered at the works turned out and very little progress was made. Gen. Roe said today that the outlook was much more promising and that while there was only a few laborers on hand the fact that absolute protection would be afforded to all who wanted to return to work would undoubtedly prove effective.

Warrants for Rioters.

Warrants for Rioters.

Sheriff Molloy is in possession of several warrants which will be served today. A thorough search will be made through the Bowery and Little Italy under a strong military guard and all firearms, ammunition and other weapons found will be confiscated. An inkling of the intention of the authorities having decided to do this was evidently received by the strike leaders late last night, and the raid may in consequence not be as productive of good results as was anticipated.

EVANS MEN RULED OUT.

Tennessee Republican State Conven-tion Meets at Nashville. NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 19.—The re-publican state convention met in the capitol today and was called to order by Representative Brownlow, chairman of the

state executive committee. Delegates whose seats were not contested were admitted to the hall by ticket, while those whose seats are contested congregated in the corridors. The minority (Evans) men of the state committee presented a protest against the action of the majority of the committee in the matter of admission by tickets, opposing the making of a temporary roll and recommending that all delegates be admitted to the floor. The protest was ruled out of order. After electing Representative Gibson temporary chairman the convention ad-journed until 8 o'clock tonight.

FLEEING FROM THREATENED WAR. Thousands of Japanese Are Coming

to This Country.
TACOMA, Wash., April 19.—The present importation of Japanese to Puget sound has reached unprecedented figures, and thousands more of the subjects of the mikado are now affoat headed this way. During the month of April 3,500 Japanese have been landed in Puget sound ports and British Columbia, and of the men landed in the latter ports fully two-thirds find their way across the border.

The reason for the present rush is that the Japanese are leaving their native land in consequence of the reported imminence of war between Japan and Russia, and has diverted the stream of Japanese this way. The rush will end, it is thought, as suddenly as it began within the next few days, when the demand for men in the canneries and the railroads is satisfied.

NEW SPANISH MINISTRY. Reorganization of the Council Due to

MADRID. April 19 .- On account of dissensions among its members, the ministerial council has been displaced by a new one, the composition of which follows: President of the council and minister of

marine, Senor Silvela. Minister of foreign affairs. Marquis Aguilar Campo. Minister of justice, Marguls Vadillo

Minister of finance, Marquis de Villa-Minister of the interior, Senor Dato,

Minister of war, Gen. Azcarraga.

Minister of public instruction, Senor Garcia Alix.

Minister of agriculture and of public works, Senor Gasset.

No disturbances followed the change of cabinet.

Four of the newly appointed ministry were members of the retiring cabinet— namely, Senor Silvela, Gen. Azcarraga, Marquis de Villaverde and Senor Dato.

GOOD CUSTOMER IN HAWAII.

Chicago is Shipping Large Quantities CHICAGO, April 19.-The Chronicle says: The inhabitants of the Hawaiian Islands

evidently have determined to keep pace with their fellow citizens in the United States, for within the last ten days \$50,000 worth of automobiles have been shipped to them. A Chicago firm built the vehicles, which included large cabs, small cabs, delivery wagons and "T" carts, each accompanied by an exhaustive treatise on the art of guiding and managing an auto-

The importing habit has been growing in The importing habit has been growing in the Hawaiians for the last three months, and Chicago manufacturers have shipped within this period fully \$500,000 worth of merchandise. Chief among the articles are steel rails, passenger elevators and equipments, boilers and pumps, the latter for use on the plantations. One of these pumps, with its accessories, cost \$57,000; two others more than \$25,000 each.
Bicycles, too, have caught the Hawaiian fancy. Consul Fred Job says more than 10,000 have been sent to them.

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Senator Mason Will Oppose the Proposed Change. District Commissioners Called Upon

Senator Stewart's Suggestion.

Mr. Mason did not reply directly to this question, but said that he would oppose the amendment unless he could be shown that

ment should be swill be ample for all sober-"These reasons will be ample for all sober-"These reasons will be ample for all soberinded people," added Mr. Stewart. Mr. Mason remarked that if Senator Stew-

one opposition to the amendment, and there was therefore no reason why he should point his guns at any one. He said that whenever there was opposition his artillery would be brought out.

Mr. Mason suggested that he was ready to hear what he had to say.

It is Expected at the Treasury De partment Soon.
The resignation of Claude M. Johnson director of the bureau of engraving and printing, is expected at the Treasury Department at any time now. This result has een looked for by treasury officials and others interested for some time, and is the outcome of the fight which various interests have waged on Mr. Johnson for two or three years. The resignation, however, will be due to a number of causes not heretofore stated and not directly to the latest charges filed at the White House against Mr. Johnson by President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor. President Comperalleged discrimination against labor inter-

ereafter announced Receipts in the Philippines.

VISIT MRS. HOBART.

The President signed the following bills western district of Virginia in the city of

Today's Nominations. The President today sent the following

Maine: F. E. C. Robbins, Woodfords.

Smith, Bronxville; Francis Worden, Coxsackie.

Pennsylvania—John H. Brubaker, Elizabethtown; James E. Rupert, Conneautville; Samuel A. Smith, Indiana.

Rhole Island—Hulda J. Fessenden, Saylesville.

Iowa—Leander N. Turner, Wall Lake; Raiph M. Potter, Rockford.

Illinois—Geo, E. Sisley, Genoa; John Holliday, Kirkwood.

Indiana—Henry Wood, Loogootée.

Louisiana—W. A. Pitre, Westlake.

Michigan—M. W. Newkirk, Central Lake; H. S. Wickware, Cass City; L. H. Tovatt, Standish; Raiph Taylor, Clayton.

Minnesota—Geo, W. Buswell, Blue Earth.

Missouri—Godfrey Haldiman, California.
Ohio—Fred Schanzle, jr., Elmwood Place; Thomas G. Moore, Barnesville; Peter Housel, Shreve.

Tennessee—Senorita V. Alexander, Elizabethton.

Senator Pettigrew Objects to Considering Its Purchase. An effort was made in the Senate this fternoon to pass Senate bill 2610 to auhorize the purchase of the property of the former Corcoran Art Gallery building, lo cated at the corner of Pennsylvania ave nue and 17th street. This bill provides for paying \$332,500 for the purchase of the ar

Mr. Warren, who had reported the bil favorably from the committee on public Mr. Pettigrew said that he was oppose to having the government buy detached

Bill to Increase the Director's Pay to The House committee on the census has

vorked off.
The bill also grants to the supervisors of

Denver Post, in their office on January 13, was placed on trial today in the criminal court on the charge of attempting to kill Mr. Tammen.
Alfred Packer, for whom the Post was

THE PORTO RICAN MONEY TEN MEN ARRESTED

HOW IT IS TO BE REPLACED WITH